Recent experiments at the Jefferson laboratory have studied correlations in nuclei. These experiments include inclusive (e,e’), semi-inclusive (e,e’p), and triple-coincidence (e,e’pN) reactions. I shall describe the semi-inclusive (e,e’p) experiments and their results, as well as recent related theoretical work. I shall also describe the advantages and limitations of (e,e’p) reactions for the study of correlation in nuclei. Together with other related presentations in the same session, the studies of correlations will be reviewed as reaching a new, more mature stage.