



# $b$ -quark and $\Upsilon$ production at the Tevatron

Daniela Bauer

Indiana University



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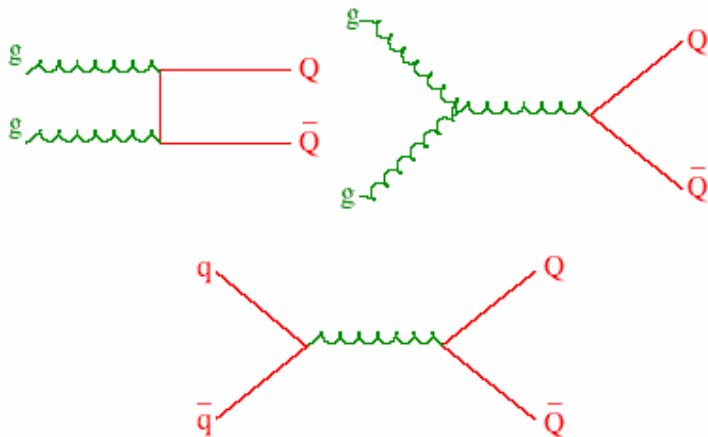
# Outline

- $J/\psi$  and  $b$ -hadron production cross sections (CDF)
- Differential cross sections for  $\Upsilon(1S)$  production (DØ)
- Inclusive  $b$ -jet cross section (CDF)
- High  $p_T$  cross section for  $\mu$ -tagged jets (DØ)

# $b$ -production at the Tevatron

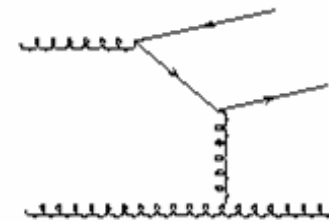
- ★ To probe perturbative QCD: Full calculations are available for NLO and beyond: Fixed order calculation with resummation of next-to-leading logs (FONLL)

leading order

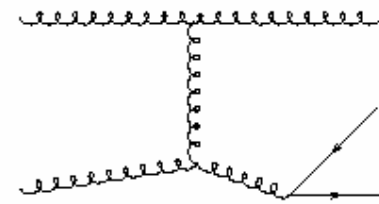


flavor creation

next to leading order



flavor excitation



gluon splitting

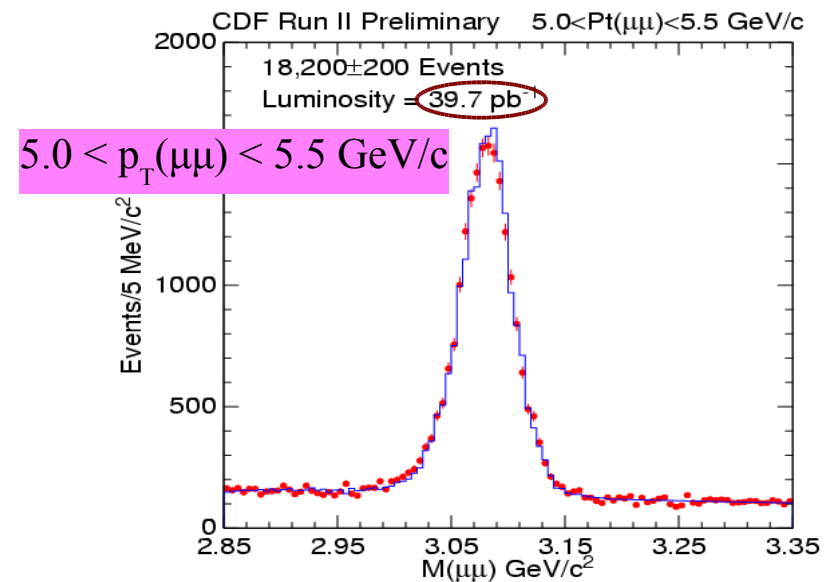
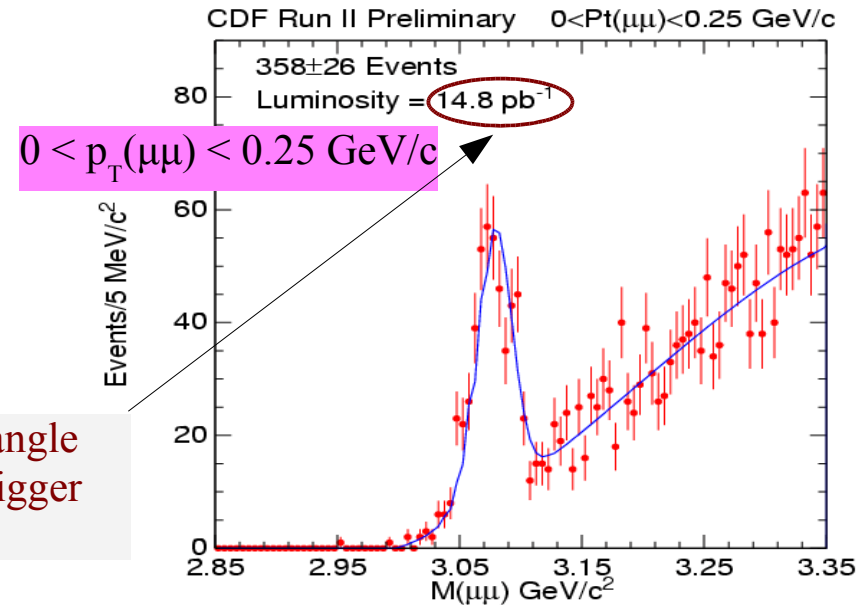
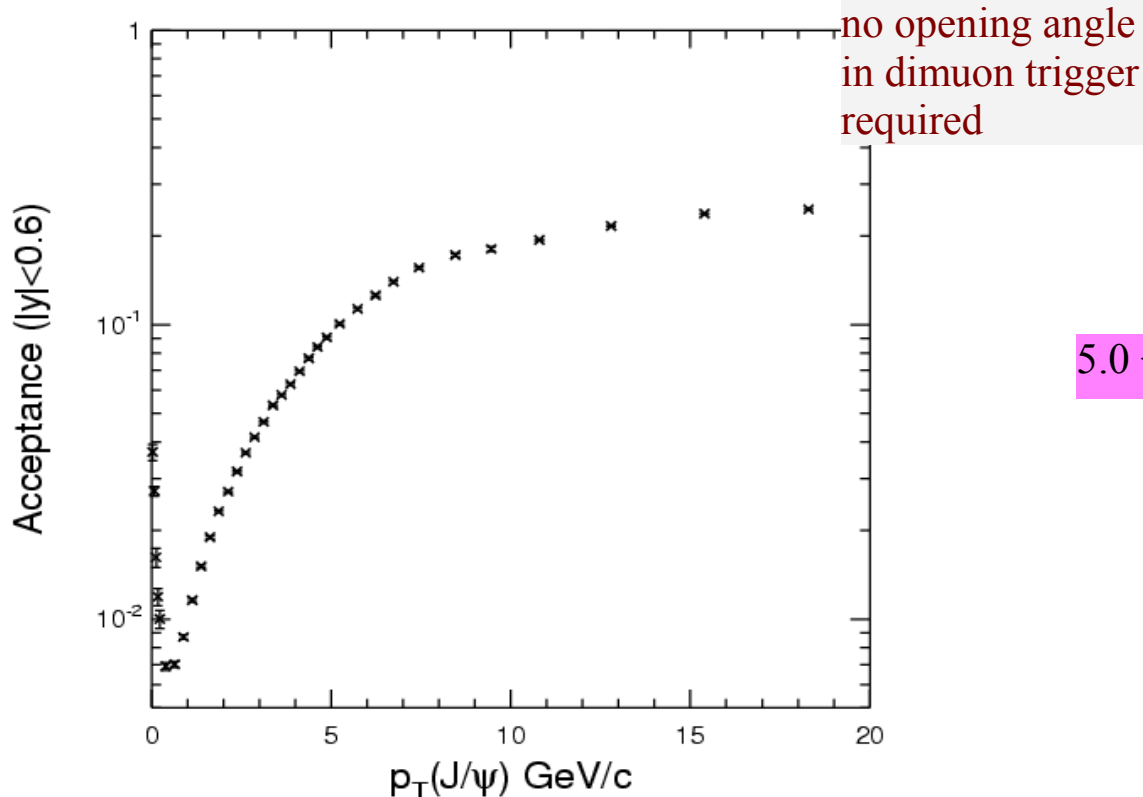
# J/ $\psi$ and $b$ -hadron production (CDF)

*Measurement of the J/ $\psi$  meson and  $b$ -hadron production cross sections in  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1960$  GeV, PRD 71, 032001 (2005)*

- ★ First measurement of the J/ $\psi$  and  $b$ -hadron production cross section at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV
- ★ Dataset of  $\sim 40$  pb<sup>-1</sup>
- ★ Central rapidity region:  $|y| < 0.6$
- ★ Full transverse momentum range: 0-20 GeV/c

# J/ψ production (CDF)

- ★ dimuon trigger
- ★ track matched muon  $p_T > 1.5$  GeV
- ★  $299800 \pm 800$  J/ψ in sample  
average width  $20 \pm 0.1$  MeV
- ★ mass fit shapes from Monte Carlo



# J/ψ cross section (CDF)

$$\sigma_{J/\psi} \times Br \equiv \sigma(pp \rightarrow J/\psi X, |y(J/\psi)| < 0.6) \times Br(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu)$$

Run II,  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV,  $p_T(J/\psi) > 0.0$

$$\sigma_{J/\psi} \times Br = 240 \pm 1 \text{ (stat)}^{+21}_{-19} \text{ (syst) nb}$$

Run II,  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV,  $p_T(J/\psi) > 5.0$

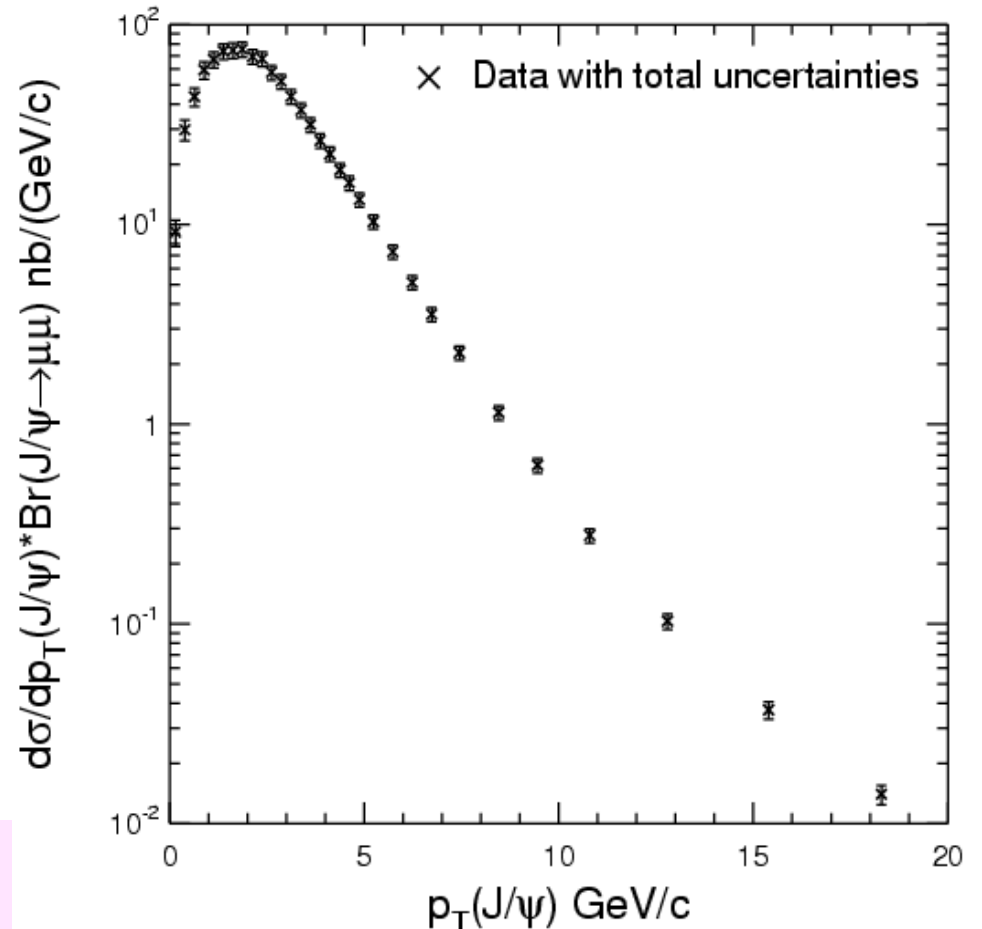
$$\sigma_{J/\psi} \times Br = 16.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ (stat)}^{+1.4}_{-1.3} \text{ (syst) nb}$$

Run I,  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV,  $p_T(J/\psi) > 5.0$

$$\sigma_{J/\psi} \times Br = 17.4 \pm 0.1 \text{ (stat)}^{+2.6}_{-2.8} \text{ (syst) nb}$$

~10% increase in cross section due to increased  $\sqrt{s}$  expected.

Run I and Run II agree within errors.



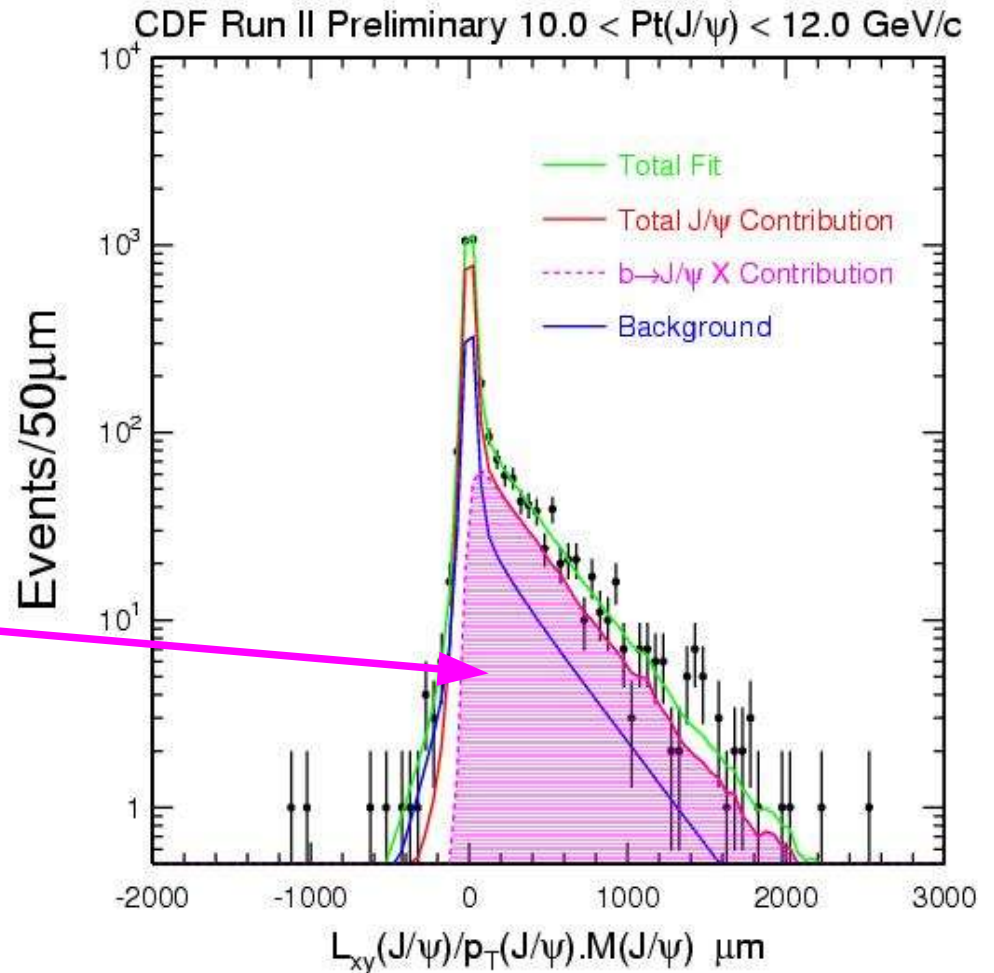
# $b$ -fraction (CDF)

Projection of the  $J/\psi$  flight distance on its transverse momentum  $L_{xy}$

Use pseudo proper decay time  $x = L_{xy}(J/\psi) * m(J/\psi)/p_T(J/\psi)$  to separate prompt  $J/\psi$  from  $b$ -hadron decays.

Monte Carlo templates  
model  $x(J/\psi)_b$

A maximum likelihood fit to  $x$  is used to extract the  $b$ -fraction.

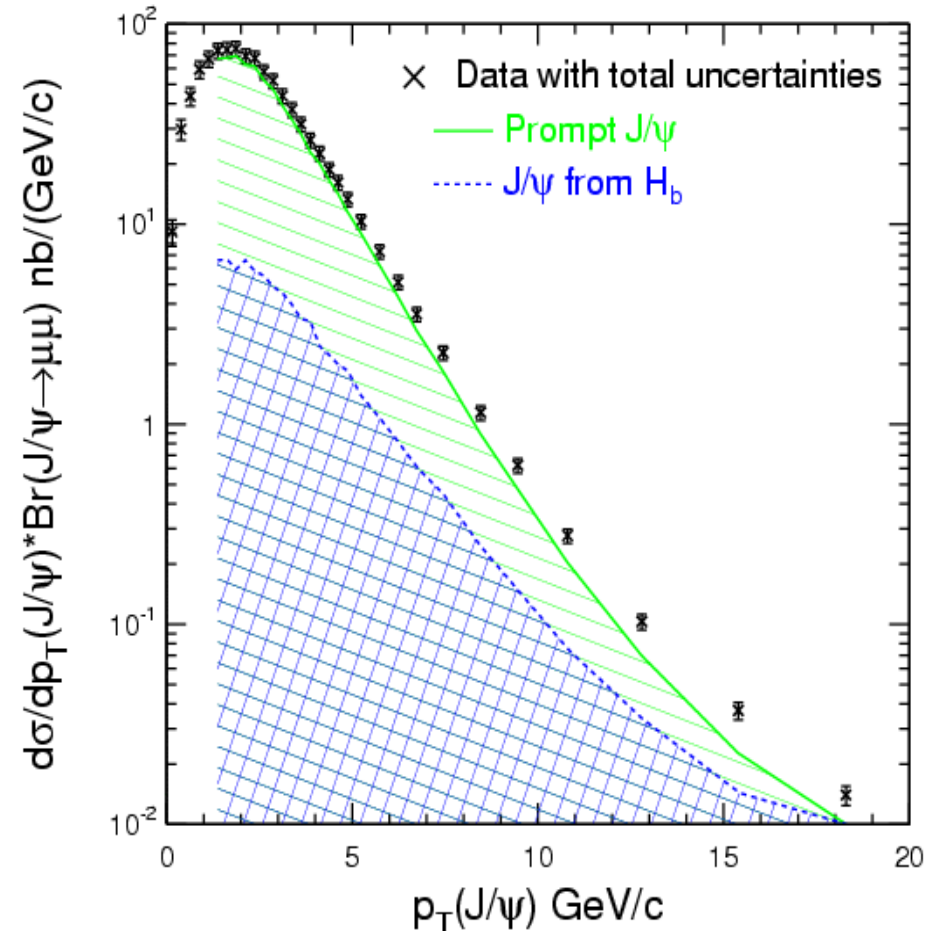
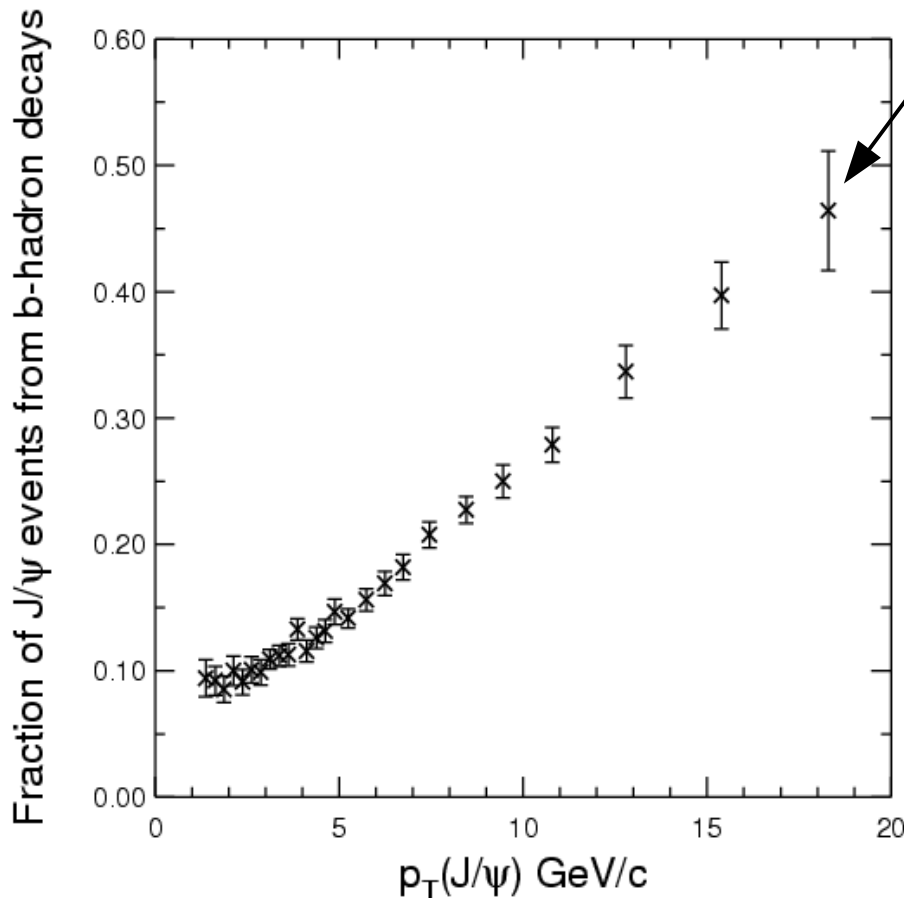


# $b$ -fraction in $J/\psi$ events (CDF)

Systematic uncertainties on  $b$ -fraction:  $\pm (3-13) \%$

$p_T$  dependent systematic uncertainties decrease with increasing  $p_T$

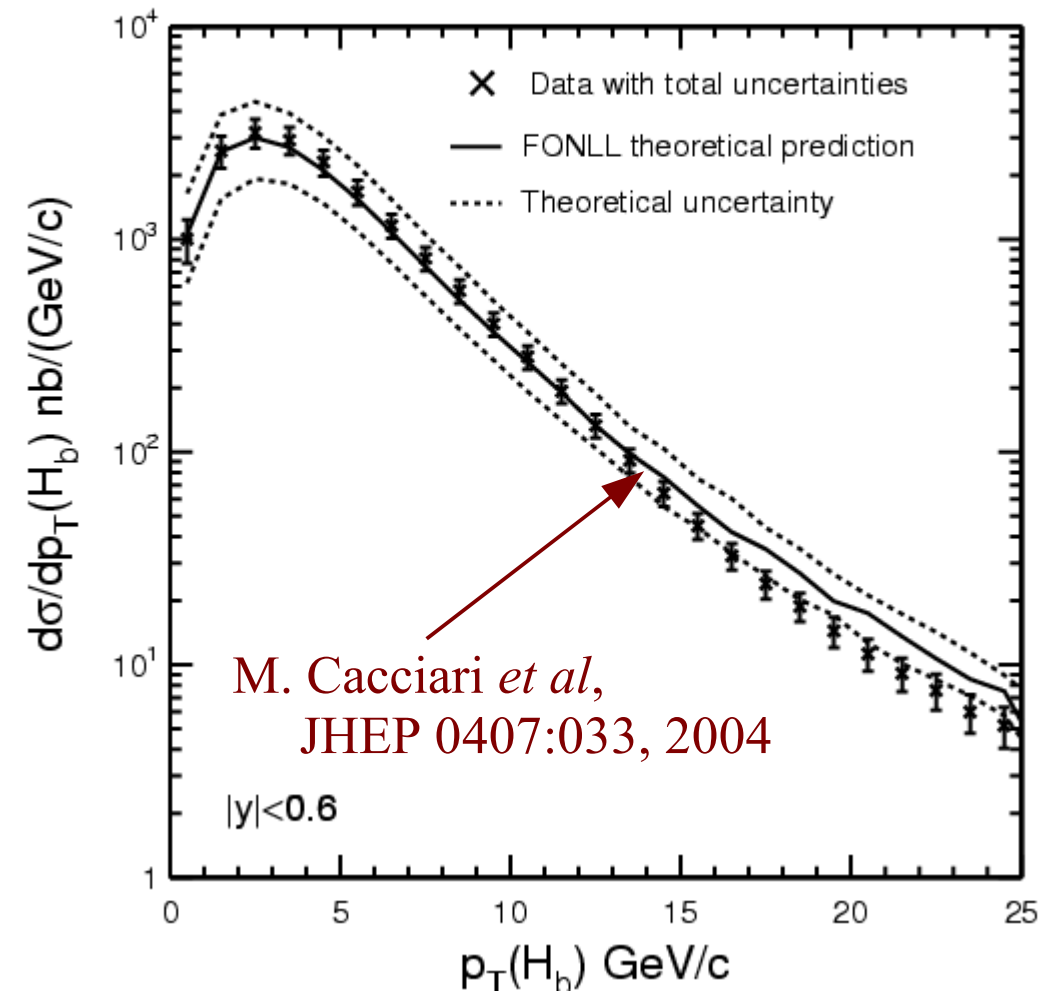
errors in high ( $> 9$  GeV)  $p_T$  bins statistics dominated



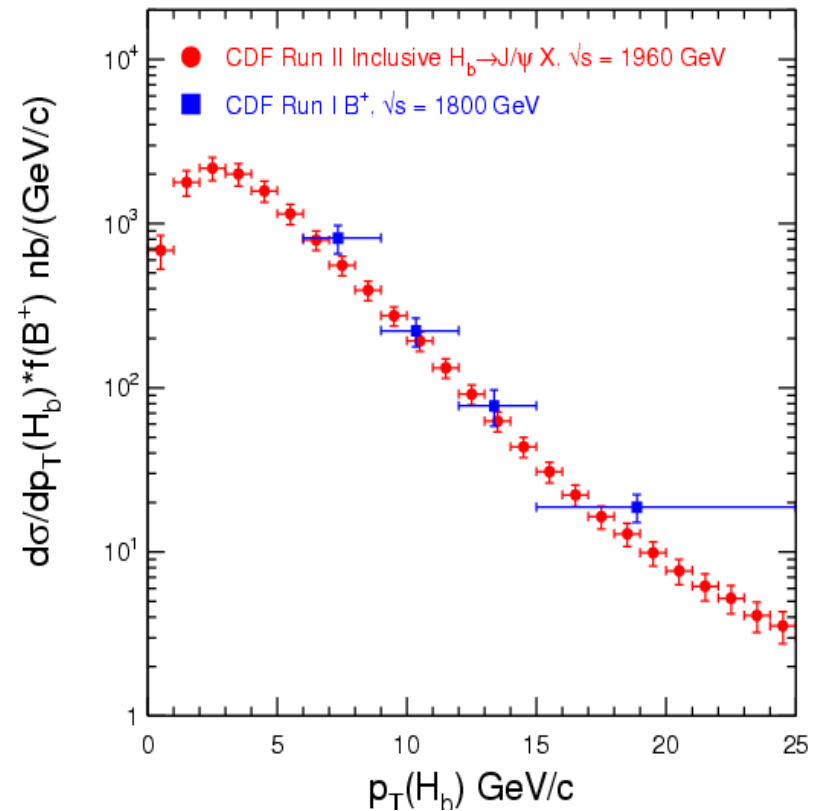


# $b$ -hadron production cross section (CDF)

## Comparison with theory



## Comparison with Run I results



Run I:  $B^+$  cross section,  $|y| < 1.0$

Run II: incl. x-sec scaled to  $|y| < 1.0$

fragmentation fraction  $f(B^+)$  from LEP

# $b$ -hadron production cross section (CDF)

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow \bar{H}_b X, |y^{J/\psi}| < 0.6) \times Br(H_b \rightarrow J/\psi X) \times Br(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu)$$

Run II,  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV,  $p_T(J/\psi) > 1.25$

$19.4 \pm 0.3$  (stat)  $^{+2.1}_{-1.9}$  (syst) nb

Run II,  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV,  $p_T(J/\psi) > 5.0$

$2.75 \pm 0.04$  (stat)  $\pm 0.20$  (syst) nb

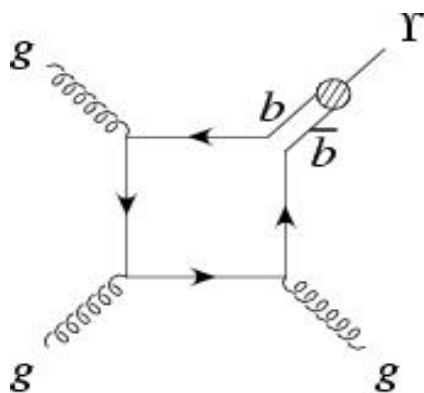
Run I,  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV,  $p_T(J/\psi) > 5.0$

$3.23 \pm 0.05$  (stat)  $^{+0.28}_{-0.31}$  (syst) nb

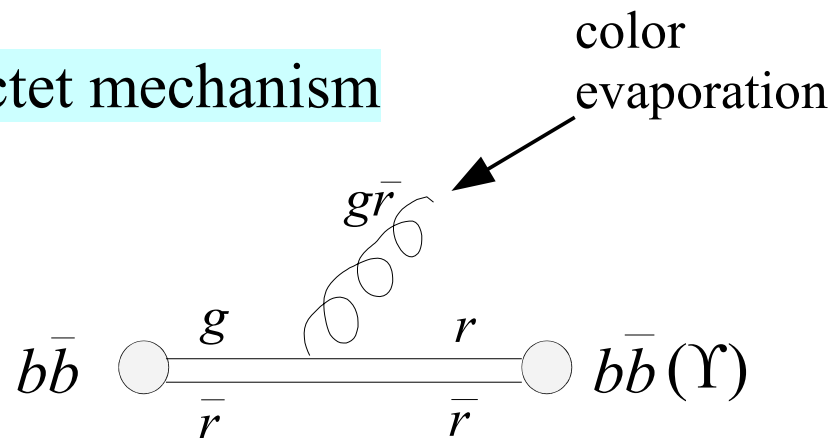
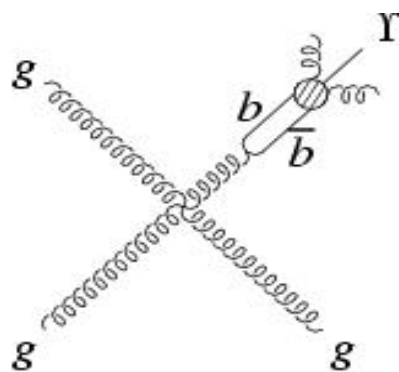
# $\Upsilon(1S)$ production

- ★ Quarkonium production is a window on the boundary region between perturbative and non-perturbative QCD

## Color singlet mechanism



## Color octet mechanism



- ★ V.A. Khoze , A.D. Martin, M.G. Ryskin, W.J. Stirling, hep-ph/0410020
- ★ E.L. Berger, J.Qiu, Y.Wang, Phys Rev D 71 034007 (2005)

# $\Upsilon(1S)$ cross sections (DØ)

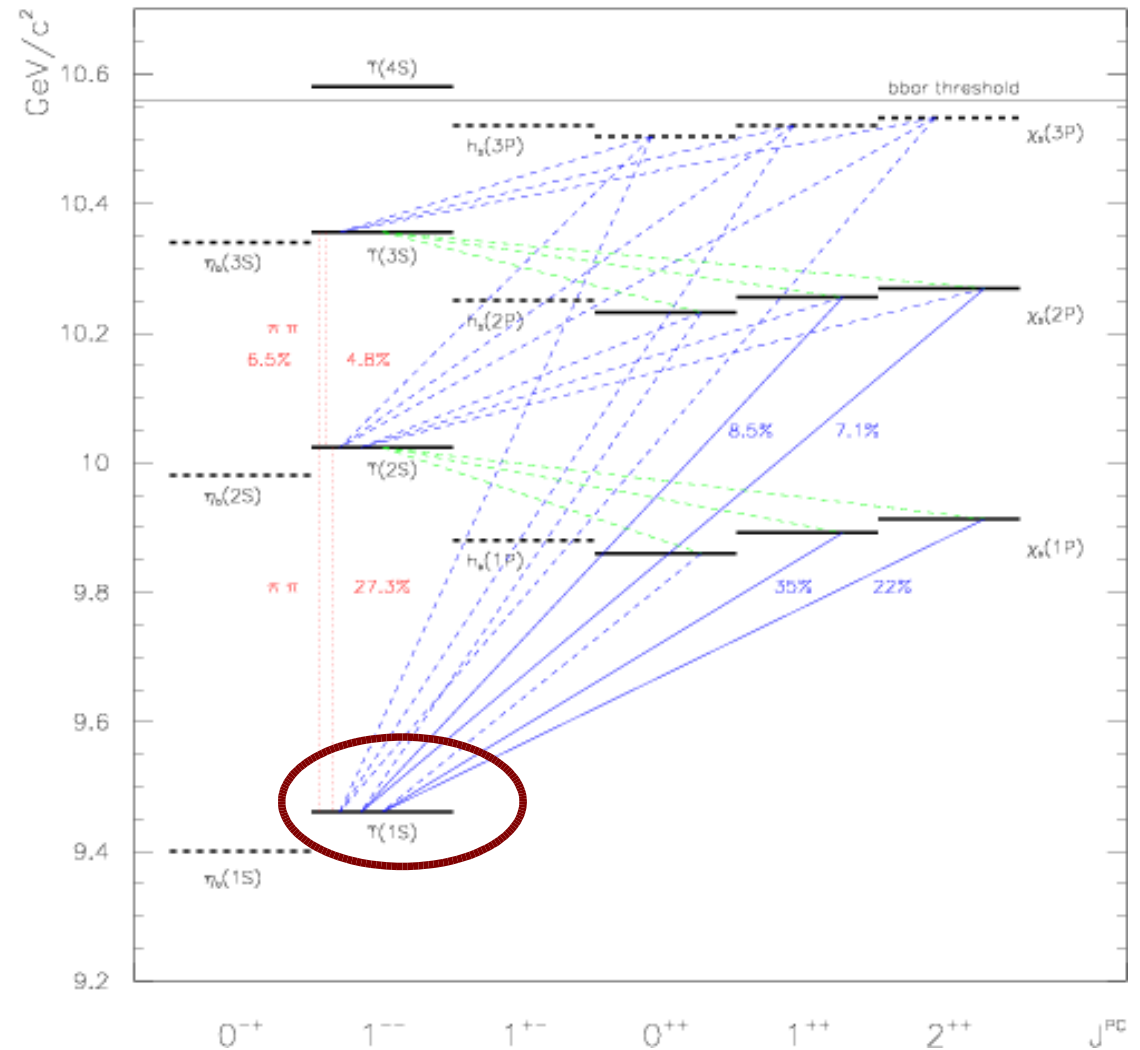
*Measurement of inclusive differential cross sections for  $\Upsilon(1S)$  production in  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 94, 232001 (2005).*

- ★ Extends CDF Run I measurement from  $|y^\Upsilon| < 0.4$  to  $|y^\Upsilon| < 1.8$
- ★ First measurement of  $\Upsilon(1S)$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV
- ★ Cross section is determined in three rapidity bins:  
 $0 < |y^\Upsilon| < 0.6$ ,  $0.6 < |y^\Upsilon| < 1.2$  and  $1.2 < |y^\Upsilon| < 1.8$   
in the channel  $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu\mu$  using DØ's large muon coverage
- ★ Larger statistics allow more precise determination of shape of the differential cross section.

# Origins of $\Upsilon(1S)$

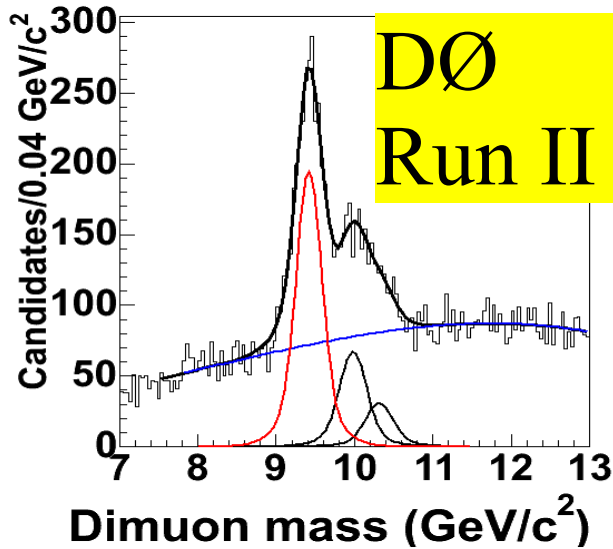
- All bottomonium states are produced directly (e.g.  $\neq J/\psi$  from  $B$ )
- $\sim 50\%$  of all  $\Upsilon(1S)$  are produced directly, the rest are the results of higher mass states decaying.

Bottomonium



# $\Upsilon(1S)$ signal (DØ)

$4 \text{ GeV} < p_T(\Upsilon) < 6 \text{ GeV}$

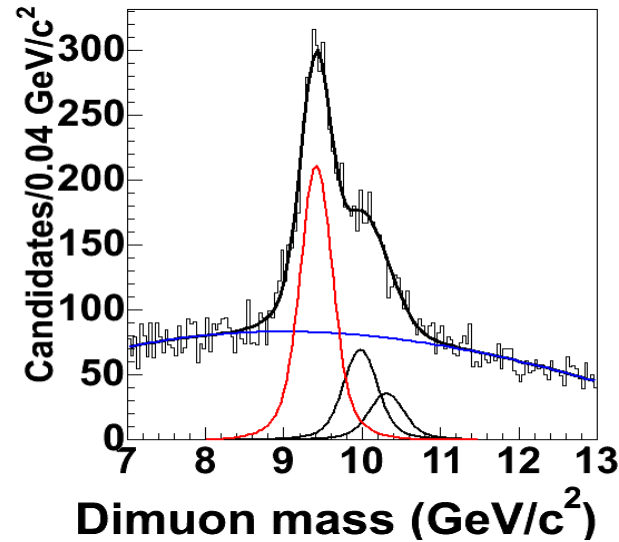


$0 < |y^\Upsilon| < 0.6$

$m(\Upsilon) = 9.419 \pm 0.007 \text{ GeV}$

PDG:  $m(\Upsilon(1S)) = 9.460 \text{ GeV}$

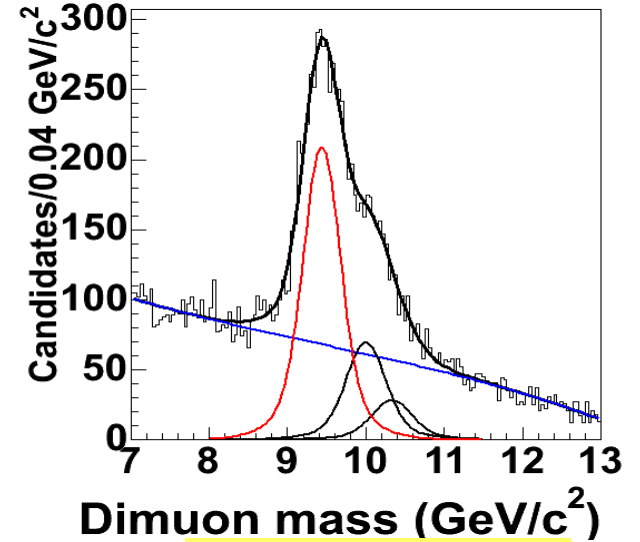
$\sim 40,000 \Upsilon(1S)$  in  $159 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



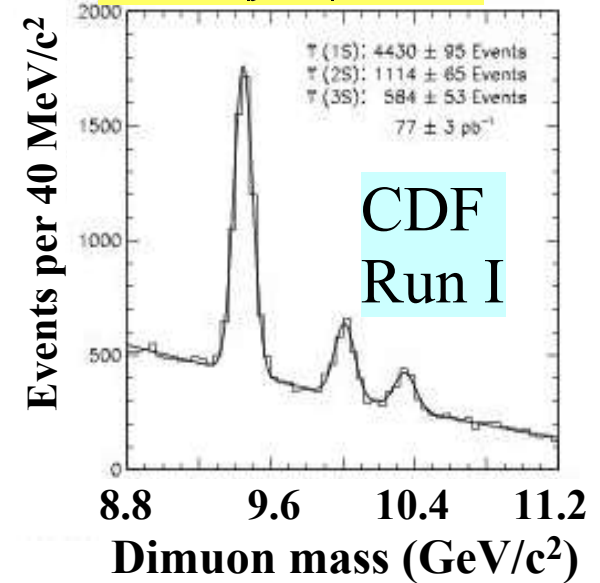
$0.6 < |y^\Upsilon| < 1.2$

$m(\Upsilon) = 9.412 \pm 0.009 \text{ GeV}$

$m(\Upsilon) = 9.437 \pm 0.010 \text{ GeV}$



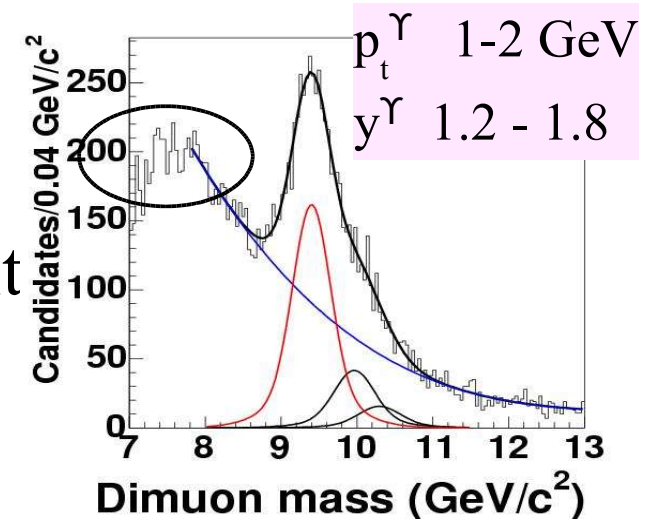
$1.2 < |y^\Upsilon| < 1.8$



# Fitting the $\Upsilon(1S)$ signal (DØ)

**Signal:** 3 double Gaussians:  $\Upsilon(1S)$ ,  $\Upsilon(2S)$ ,  $\Upsilon(3S)$   
using ratios for width and normalization from fits to  $J/\psi$

**Background:** 3rd order polynomial  
Fit expects smooth  
background  $\rightarrow$  adjust fit limit



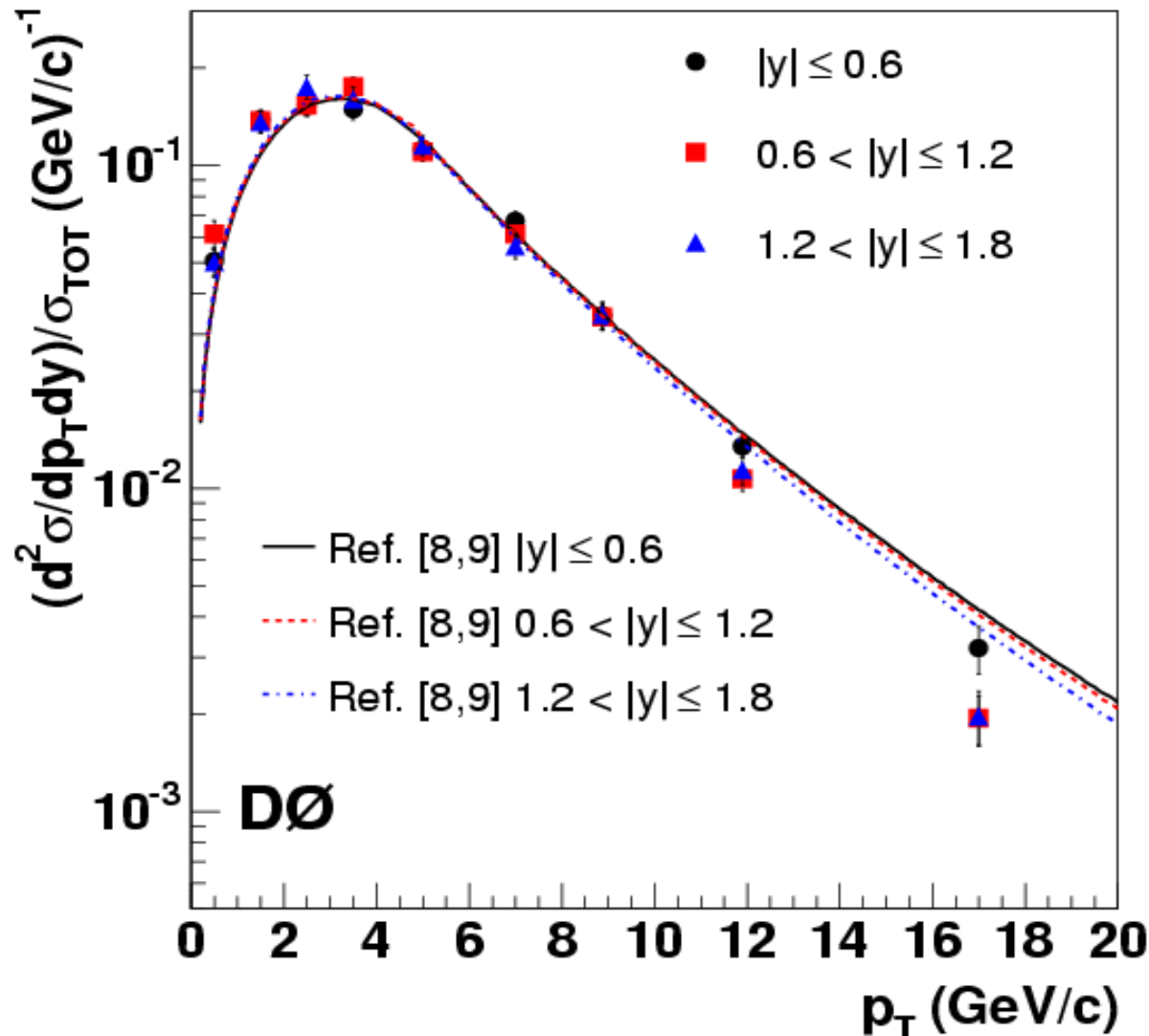
$$m(\Upsilon(2/3S)) = m(\Upsilon(1S)) + \Delta m_{\text{PDG}}(\Upsilon(2/3S) - \Upsilon(1S))$$

$$\sigma(\Upsilon(2/3S)) = m(\Upsilon(2/3S)/m(\Upsilon(1S))) * \sigma(\Upsilon(1S))$$

$\rightarrow$  5 free parameters in signal fit:

$$\mathbf{m}(\Upsilon(1S)), \mathbf{\sigma}(\Upsilon(1S)), \mathbf{n}(\Upsilon(1S)), \mathbf{n}(\Upsilon(2S)), \mathbf{n}(\Upsilon(3S))$$

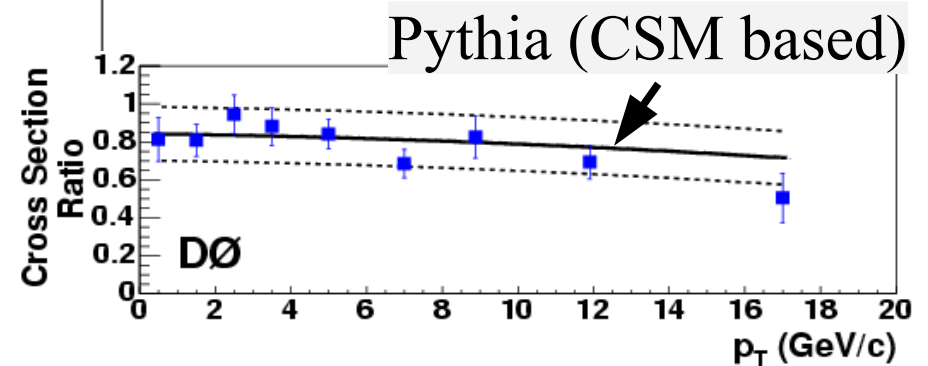
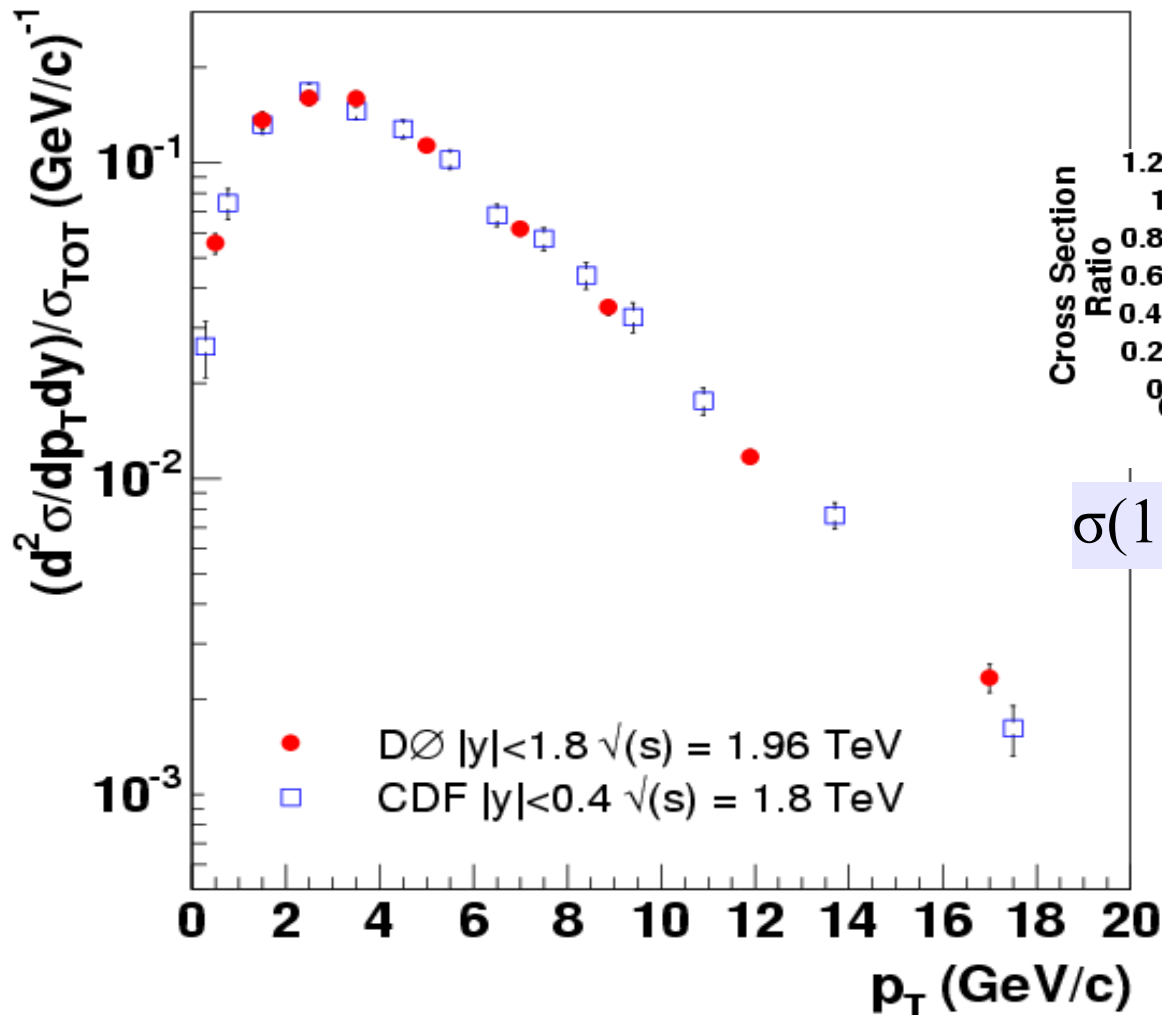
# $\Upsilon(1S)$ differential cross section (DØ)



- ★ little variation in the shape of the cross section as a function of rapidity
- ★ reasonable agreement with calculations by Berger *et al*, hep-ph/0411026



# $\Upsilon(1S)$ differential cross section (DØ)



$$\sigma(1.2 < y^\Upsilon < 1.8) / \sigma(0.0 < y^\Upsilon < 0.6)$$

statistical (+ 'fit') errors only – remaining errors are  $p_T$  independent

# $\Upsilon(1S)$ cross section (DØ)

Results:  $d\sigma(\Upsilon(1S))/dy \times B(\Upsilon(1S)) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

$0.0 < y^\Upsilon < 0.6$	$732 \pm 19$ (stat) $\pm 73$ (syst) $\pm 48$ (lum) pb
$0.6 < y^\Upsilon < 1.2$	$762 \pm 20$ (stat) $\pm 76$ (syst) $\pm 50$ (lum) pb
$1.2 < y^\Upsilon < 1.8$	$600 \pm 19$ (stat) $\pm 56$ (syst) $\pm 39$ (lum) pb
$0.0 < y^\Upsilon < 1.8$	$695 \pm 14$ (stat) $\pm 68$ (syst) $\pm 45$ (lum) pb

CDF Run I:  $680 \pm 15$  (stat)  $\pm 18$  (syst)  $\pm 26$  (lum) pb

# $b$ -jet cross section (CDF)

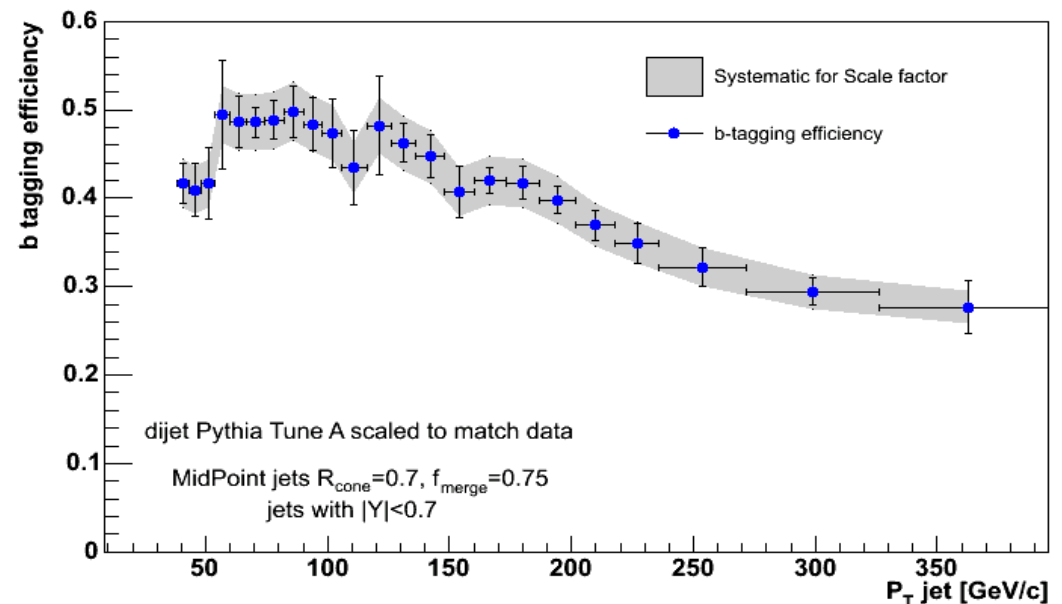
**Goal:** Measure differential  $b$ -jet cross section  $d\sigma/dp_T$  in range 38-400 GeV/c.

**Motivation:** The mass of the  $b$ -quark is considered large enough to justify perturbative expansions to the strong coupling constant  $\rightarrow$  NLO should be sufficient to describe  $b$ -jet production.

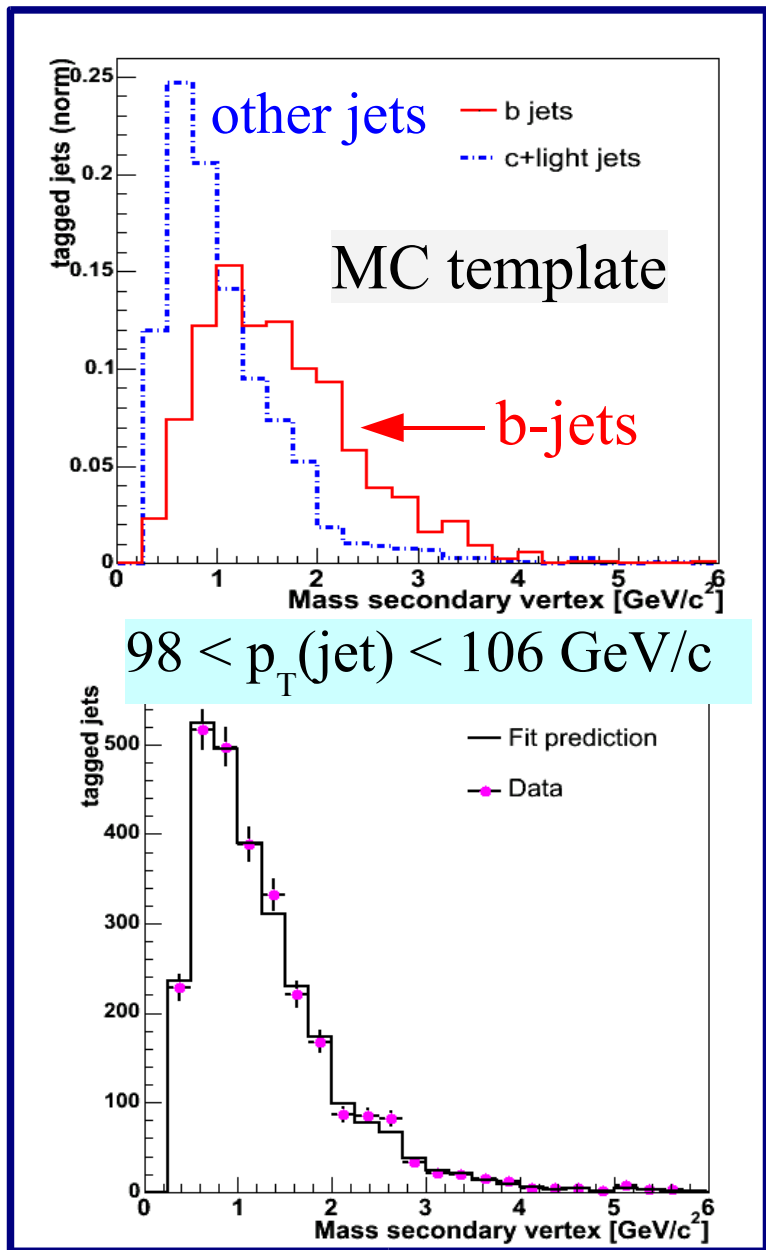
## $b$ -tagging efficiency

- ★  $\sim 300 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- ★  $R=0.7$  cone jets,  $|y^{\text{jet}}| < 0.7$
- ★ use secondary vertex for  $b$ -tagging
- ★ use decay length to reject mistagged jets ( $L_{xy} > 0$ )

From data (inclusive electron sample  
– does not depend on secondary vtx) and MC

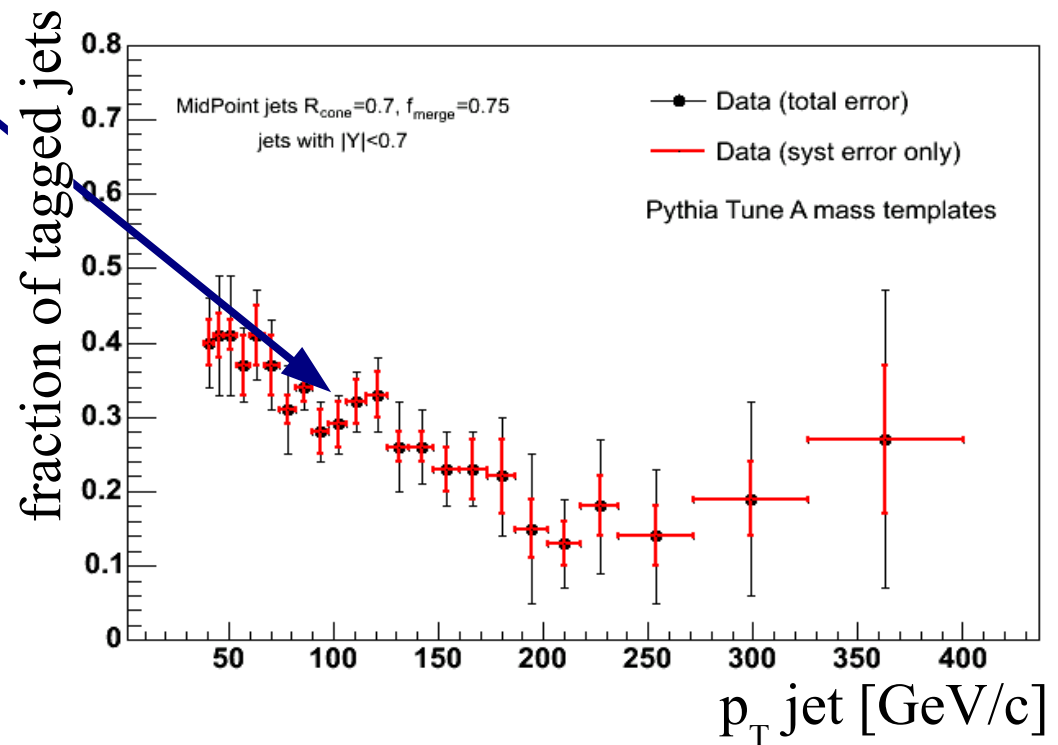


# Fraction of $b$ -tagged jets (CDF)



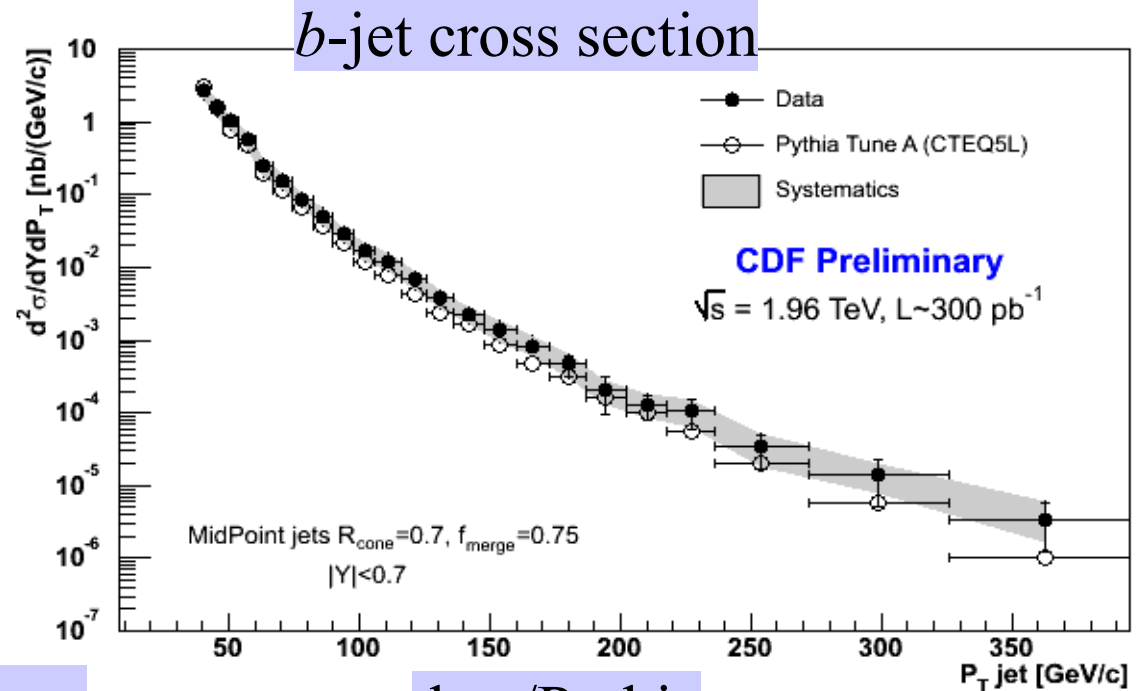
★ Extract fraction of  $b$ -tagged jets by using the shape of the mass distribution of the secondary vertex as discriminant.

★ Bins as a function of  $p_T(\text{jet})$



# $b$ -jet cross section (CDF)

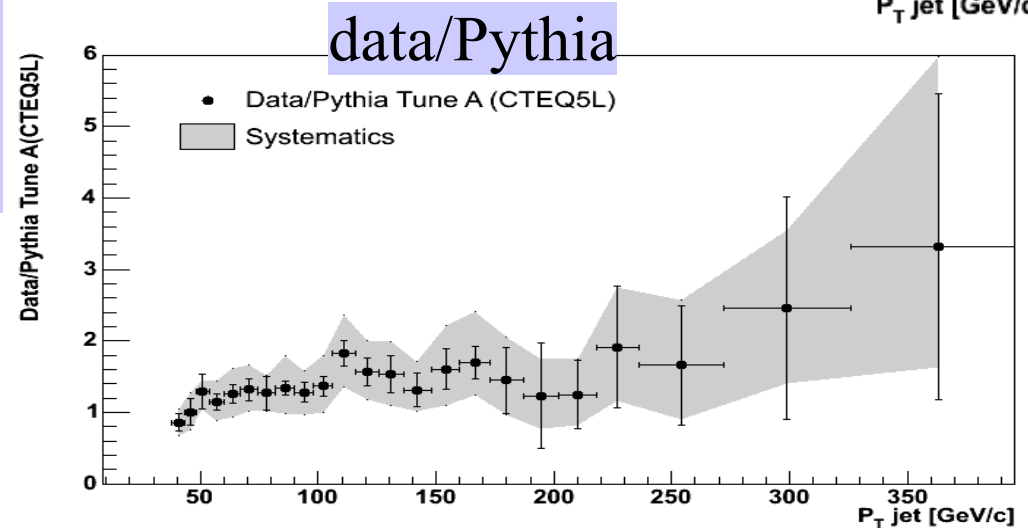
Systematic Error	low $p_T$	high $p_T$
Luminosity	6 %	6 %
Abs. Energy Scale	15-20 %	40 %
Jet Energy Res	6 %	6 %
B-tagging eff	10 %	15 %
B-tagged fraction	10-15 %	40 %
Unfolding	8 %	8 %



Ratio Data/Pythia(Tune A)

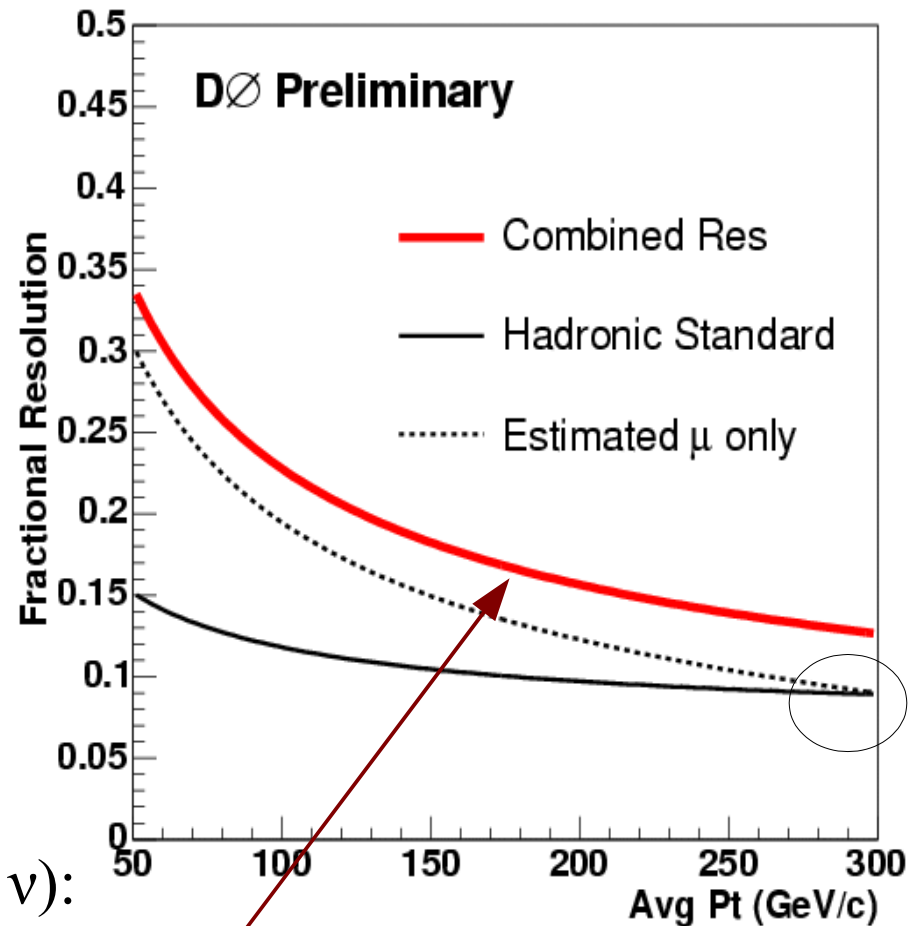
$\sim 1.4$

$\rightarrow$  in agreement with expectations



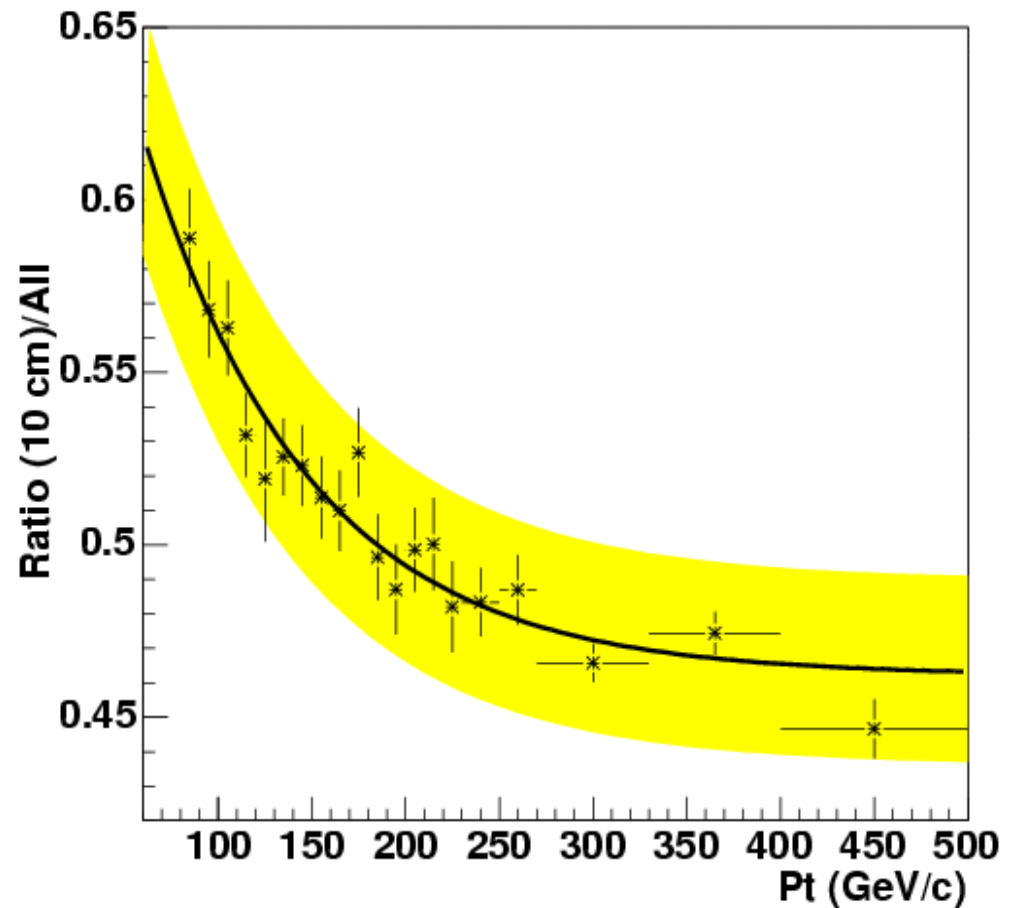
# High $p_T$ $\mu$ -tagged jet cross section (DØ)

- ★ first step towards  $X \rightarrow bb$
- ★ search for deviation from SM
- ★ well defined experimental quantity:  
 $\mu$ -tagged  $\equiv$  jet contains a muon at  
 $r = 10$  cm around the beam
- ★  $294 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- ★  $R=0.5$  cone jets,  $|y^{\text{jet}}| < 0.5$  + medium  $\mu$
- ★ 4660  $\mu$ -tagged jets in sample
- ★ additional jet energy scale correction  
for  $\mu$ -tagged jets
- ★  $\mu$ -tagged energy resolution (collinear  $v$ ):  
use di-jet events with one  $\mu$ -tagged and one  $\mu$ -vetoed jet
- ★ efficiencies:  $\mu$ , trigger, primary vtx, jet quality
- ★ resolution unsmearing



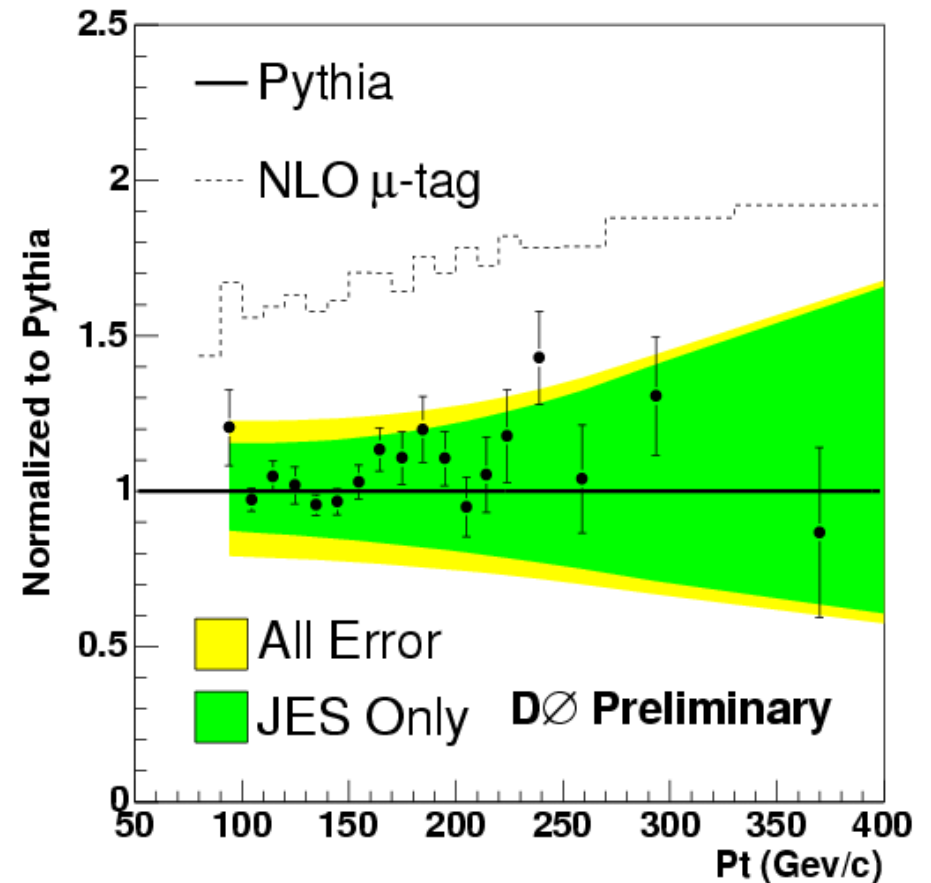
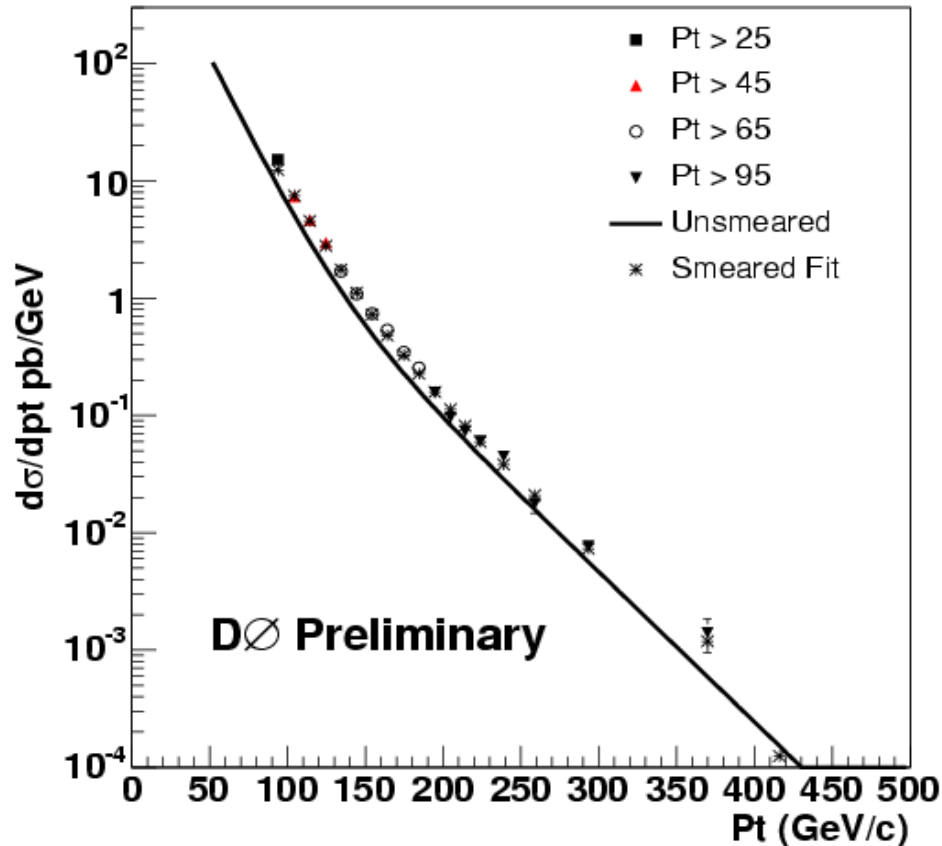
# $\mu$ -tagged fraction (DØ)

- ★  $\mu$ -tagged  $\rightarrow b+c$  quarks
- ★ Contamination from  $K, \pi$  decays estimated from Monte Carlo (Pythia):
  - $\sim 4.5\%$  at  $p_T = 100$  GeV,
  - $\sim 7.5\%$  at  $p_T > 220$  GeV
- ★ Pythia:  $\sim 55\%$  of all  $\mu$ -tagged jets from  $b$ -decays



# $\mu$ -tagged jet cross section (DØ)

unsmearred = corrected for finite detector resolution  $\rightarrow$  particle level truth





# Conclusions

- ★  $b$  and quarkonia production measurements probe perturbative and non-perturbative QCD.
- ★ The differences between experimental data and theory that had been observed in Run I at the Tevatron are diminishing.
- ★  $J/\psi$  and  $b$ -hadron cross section measurements (CDF) are published.
- ★  $\Upsilon(1S)$  cross section measurement is published (DØ).
- ★ Comparison of  $b$ -jet cross section (CDF) with NLO predictions (Mangano, Frixione) expected within a couple of weeks.
- ★ DØ is working on  $b$ -jet cross section and  $\Upsilon(1S)$  polarization measurements.